Specialist Report for Water Lights

Federal Lands

Revised October 2004

This report addresses water rights for Federal Land for all Adjustment Action cases. Region 4's policy on water rights can be found at FSM 2540. It is the purpose of this report to (1) understand and acknowledge all water rights, uses, and needs involved in a land adjustment action, (2) to ensure that we convey in an appropriate manner only the water rights we intend to convey and protect the ones we reserve.

Check which type of report this is:	Preliminary	n
	Final	[x]

If the case is complex and is not completely composed and there are confounding issues, check Preliminary. As the composition of the case becomes clear and the confounding issues are resolved, the Final report can be completed. If the case is simple and no water right issues exist, check final.

Case Name: 8 and Fir St Party Name: State: Forest: Case Designation:

1). Legal Description Of The Tract(s) Involved

Describe all parcels involved in this land adjustment case
Attach a map (minimum 7½ minute USGS topographic quad and others as appropriate) showing the lands involved

Aliquot Parts Township 34N Sec 15 westerly 5 feet of Lot 1 of Metes and Bounds	Range 55E Q NE Block 69; Lots 18-22, 2	QQ NW-23 and the westerly 5 for	Lot 3, 4, 2 and the eet of Lot 24 of Block 91
--	--	---------------------------------	---

If there are no water rights on the parcel, check NONE here [X] then proceed to 3).

2). List All The Water Rights On The Federal Parcel (Electronically replicate this section for each water right,)

Water Right #		•				
Owner						
Beneficial Use			······································	<u></u>	<u> </u>	
Source				·		
Amount						
Period Of Use						
Priority Date						
Point of Diversion	T.	R.	Sec.		00	17.4
Place of Use	T.	R.	Sec.	10	100	Lot Lot
					1 44	Lot

Date Last Used:

Will this water right above be conveyed, YES or NO?

If YES, Explain why the water right is no longer needed by the Forest Service. Address management objectives in the explanation.

If NO, Explain how we will retain and protect our interests in the water right.

3). **Inspection Of Lands**

Attach a copy of a supplemental statement, (or if available a Certificate of Inspection) that shows the lands in question have been inspected. Include Name, Date, and Observations. There may be circumstances where there is a Water Use or Water Conveyance on the parcel in question without the existence of a state "water right" on record. For this purpose, it is imperative that during the Inspection Of Lands phase, all conveyances (ditches), encumbrances, and other uses be identified and documented.

Check here if attached []

x NO POTENTIAL RISK associated with the Federal Lands in this case. It is recommended that the case proceed as outlined above. A POTENTIAL RISK associated with the Federal Lands in this case and furth discussion is needed in 5). Certification Signatures	Summary	
Forest Water Rights Coordinator or Hydrologist: None apparent State Coordinator: According to the data presented in this report, there appears to be:	Discuss any other issues that migh	t create future problems or actions items reguired in acquiri water right number for each comment.
None apparent State Coordinator: According to the data presented in this report, there appears to be:	Forest/Zone Lands Specialist:	
None apparent State Coordinator: According to the data presented in this report, there appears to be:	Forest Water Rights Coordinator or Hyd	rologist:
According to the data presented in this report, there appears to be:		
According to the data presented in this report, there appears to be:	None apparent	
xNO POTENTIAL RISK associated with the Federal Lands in this case. It is recommended that the case proceed as outlined above. A POTENTIAL RISK associated with the Federal Lands in this case and furth discussion is needed in 5). Certification Signatures		
x NO POTENTIAL RISK associated with the Federal Lands in this case. It is recommended that the case proceed as outlined above. A POTENTIAL RISK associated with the Federal Lands in this case and furth discussion is needed in 5). Certification Signatures	State Coordinator:	
recommended that the case proceed as outlined above. A POTENTIAL RISK associated with the Federal Lands in this case and furth discussion is needed in 5). Certification Signatures	State Coordinator:	
recommended that the case proceed as outlined above. A POTENTIAL RISK associated with the Federal Lands in this case and furth discussion is needed in 5). Certification Signatures	State Coordinator:	
A POTENTIAL RISK associated with the Federal Lands in this case and furth discussion is needed in 5). Certification Signatures		this report, there appears to be:
Certification Signatures	According to the data presented in	associated with the Federal Lands in this case. It is
	According to the data presented in a x NO POTENTIAL RISK	associated with the Federal Lands in this case. It is recommended that the case proceed as outlined above. associated with the Federal Lands in this case and further
orest/Zone Lands Specialist	According to the data presented in axNO POTENTIAL RISKA POTENTIAL RISK	associated with the Federal Lands in this case. It is recommended that the case proceed as outlined above. associated with the Federal Lands in this case and further

Date

State Coordinator If there are NO risks associated the second se	Date 2/24/08 Date 7/14/09 Date 11/19 Da
Complete this Section when there are risks	associated by explaining below.
District Ranger Comments:	
Forest Supervisor Comments:	
Action Items:	
Regional Water Use and Protection Progra	m Manager Comments:
Certifications	
By signing below, we acknowledge that the	re is a potential risk associated with this case.
The risk is associated with acquiring be able to exercise in whole or in par	a water right through paid compensation only to not t, the right and be subject to forfeiture.
The risk is associated with not being exercise a viable water right, thereby through non-use.	able to protect the ability of a water right holder to causing the right to become subject to forfeiture
We further recognize that the Forest has outl minimize the risk. We concur with the finding proceed as outlined above.	ined certain action items that will be implemented to ngs of this report and recommend that the case
Certification Signatures	
District Ranger	Date
Forest Supervisor	
Regional Water Uses and Rights	
Program Manager	Date

5).

6).

Director of Lands __

Attachments

Attachments

Include Copies Of

- Map(s) for Non-Federal and Federal lands
- Search documentation from state water rights office
- Supplemental Statement of Inspection
- Copy of Deeds for reservations or outstanding rights
- Copy of Patent for reservations, or outstanding rights
- Office fact sheets
- Reservations
- Exceptions, and other pertinent documents
- Forward an electronic copy of the Water Rights Specialist Report to RO Lands Water Uses Program Lead and forward copies of any non-electronic attachments to the same location in the Regional Office.
- Other pertinent documents

Definitions and Guidance (DO NOT submit as part of this report)

Definitions

Acquired - refers to a water right, that was historically owned by a third party but will now be owned by the U.S. as a result of the land adjustment action. Water rights are appurtenant to the land and unless the water right is legally excepted it stays with the land.

Amount – the quantity of water required, usually expressed in cubic feet per second (cfs). Other units may include acre-feet, gallons per minute, miners inch, or a livestock amount i.e. 40 cattle.

Beneficial Use - Water must be utilized in a manner that is consistent with state approved uses.

Conveyed - refers to a water right we own but are going to give up to the new land owner with land we are conveying in the land adjustment action.

Excepted - refers to a water right that the current owners want to keep and continue using the water even though the land it was appurtenant to, now belongs to us. Protection of this effort is accomplished through an exception or reservation.

Outstanding Rights - Water rights, in general, can carry rights that imply reservation or outstanding rights on lands that need to be dealt with before completing a case. At times, these reservations or outstanding rights have not been addressed in recorded documents nor have legal documents been executed that would protect any auxillary rights associated with the water right. If there are no recorded outstanding rights, then you must

ascertain what rights, if any, a the party who is not involved in the case may ve. This can be done by evaluating the water right, inspecting the land, and requesting a legal opinion on the validity of any outstanding rights. Alternatively, if the current landowner and the third-party can come to mutually acceptable terms for the outstanding rights, and those terms are also acceptable to the Forest Service, have the landowner issue a recordable document to the third-party at closing.

Period of Use – this is the time of the year that the water can be legally used, i.e. May 15 to October 15 or year round use is expressed as Jan 1st to Dec 31st

POD – means Point of Diversion. That is the point where water is diverted from its naturally occurring water course. Usually described by Township, Range, and Quarter Quarter.

POU – means Place of Use. That location where the water is actually utilized, usually described by Township, Range, and Quarter Quarter.

Priority Date – this is the date the water was first put to beneficial use. This date also determines your place in line as far as receiving water.

Reservations - If the water right is retained by the landowner, a reservation is needed which describes the water rights and any diversions on the lands that provide for the continued use of the lands to be conveyed. Before agreeing to any reservation(s), carefully weigh the effect the reservation(s) could have on the use of the land for National Forest purposes right. Consider the management guidelines and objectives for the area. All water right reservations on lands being acquired under the Weeks Act are subject to 36 CFR 251.19 of the Secretary's Rules and Regulations. Use these regulations as guides for writing stipulations covering conveyances under other authorities. However, these standard regulations are general and may not adequately address the specific land management concerns associated with some commonly proposed reservations. Adopt special stipulations as necessary for each case and incorporate them into the option, agreement, and deed. Reject proposed perpetual reservations for dam, power, or reservoir sites. However, when a careful analysis indicates that public benefits of the acquisition clearly outweigh the disadvantages of the reservations the Forest Service may consider acquiring the land, if the owner defines the boundaries of the reserved areas with sufficient accuracy so that it may be surveyed. Require the non-Federal party to grant rights necessary to allow the United States to fully perform its administrative responsibilities and minimize any adverse effects of the reservation on the property to be acquired

Reserved - refers to a water right that we are going to keep even though it is appurtenant to lands we are giving up in the land adjustment action.

Risks of Forfeiture - There is a risk in losing a water right when any of the following events occur: Non-use, Mis-use, Reservations to the U.S. are not being made where the U.S. is retaining a water right, or an outstanding right associated with a water right has not been protected before conveyance of the transaction deed. In the event that the Forest Service uses public funds to obtain a water right and then the water right becomes subject to forfeiture due to non-use, this can be considered misuse of public funds. For this reason, the risk assessment portion is important. The Forest must assess the risk of forfeiting a water right versus the benefits of acquiring the water right. The Forest must also identify action items that will be taken to alleviate or minimize the risk of forfeiture.

Source – the name of the water body from which water is diverted. In the event of a well, the source can be groundwater, underground source, or other names that imply water found in a subterranean aquifer.

Guidance

General - When water rights are conveyed to the United States you must ensure that the non-Federal party ownsthe water rights to be conveyed and that the water rights can be put to beneficial use under the laws of the state in which the lands are located.

When water rights are retained by the landowner, a reservation will be needed which describes the water rights and any diversions on the lands that provide for the continued use of the lands to be conveyed. Before agreeing to

the reservation, carefully weigh effect the reservation could have on the ure it the land for NF purposes. Consider the management guidelines and objectives for the area.

When there is a third party involved and there are no recorded outstanding rights, then you must ascertain what rights, if any, a third-party may have. This can be done by evaluating the water right, inspecting the land, and requesting a legal opinion on the validity of any outstanding rights. ALTERNATIVELY, if the current landowner and the third-party can come to mutually acceptable terms for the outstanding rights, that are also acceptable to the Forest Service, have the landowner issue a recordable document to the third-party.

Inspect the property to be acquired by the United States to identify possible rights of possession or other interest in the land that are not of record. Use either the Certificate of Possession or a supplemental statement to document the inspection and attach a copy to the Specialist Report - Water Rights. The statement or Certificate of Possession must describe the use of the land regarding the rights listed in the water right, access to any diversion(s) or use(s) of water rights, as well as any other uses that can be identified. The Forest Water Rights Coordinator or Hydrologist will suggest uses of the water that will have utility for the Federal lands, and will evaluate whether those uses are permissible beneficial uses under State law. If there are no feasible beneficial uses for the water on Federal land, the United States will risk losing the acquired water rights. In cases where there is no foreseeable beneficial use, the decision maker should consider severing the water rights from the land.

The appropriate State Water Uses and Protection Coordinator will work with the Forest Water Rights Coordinator or Hydrologist to reconcile any questions or problems. The appropriate State Water Uses and Protection Coordinator will review the Specialist Report - Water Right to ensure that all the lands have been searched, and that documentation for the search have been attached to the Analysis.Comments will address the risks and benefits of acquiring or disposing of the water rights and whether the acquisition or conveyance is consistent with Regional policy.

Risks - The Forest can assess the risk of forfeiting a water right versus the benefits of acquiring the water right, identify action items that will be taken to minimize the risk, identify the individuals responsible for following through with the action items, and estimate the time needed to accomplish the action items. The recommendation from the Forest regarding the use of the water rights being acquired and what action needs to be taken to address the outstanding rights associated with the water rights being conveyed should be incorporated into the Feasibility Report.

The District Ranger as well as the Forest Supervisor need to acknowledge that there is a potential risk by signing in the space proivided. Their signatures acknowledge that they are aware that there is a potential risk involved with acquisition of water rights, conveyance of a water right, and action items that will be taken to minimize the risk.

Regional recommendations and concurrence and documented in this section also. The Regional Water Rights and Uses Program Manager must review and comment on the risk analysis, outline action items necessary to minimize the risk, and discussion of the Regional policy. The Regional Lands Director must concur on all cases where a risk is involved with acquisition of water rights or conveyance of a water right without protection of the outstanding rights associated with the water right. After concurrence is obtained, the original is sent to the Regional Land Adjustment Section and a copy to the Forest.

Secretary's Rules and Regulations - All water right reservations on lands being acquired under the Weeks Act are subject to 36 CFR 251.19. Use these regulations as guides for writing stipulations covering conveyances under other authorities. However, these standard regulations are general any may not adequately address the specific land management concerns associated with some commonly proposed reservations such as the right to use a spring or a well for a residential water supply. Adopt special stipulations as necessary for each case and incorporate them into the option, agreement, and deed.

Additional Guidance - See the October 28, 1999, Regional Policy Statement on Acquisition and Disposal of Water Rights for discussion of the information required in this analysis. However, any decision to abandon a water right must be thoroughly documented and may require OGC and/or Washington Office review.

Home State Home Pages About Us Publications Webmaster



State of Nevada

Department of Conservation & Natural Resources
Division of Water Resources

Tracy Taylor, P. E. State Engineer

NEVADA DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES WATER RIGHTS DATABASE

SPECIAL HYDROGRAPHIC ABSTRACT

Click Here For a printable copy of this report Click Here For An Excel Spreadsheet of This Report

Displaying 1 to 21 of 21 records

								ų.	Ğ	CAN UG		ne.	: 4 <u>5234</u>	CHANGED BY: 45234	CHA	
COMPAN	3								G	ABR 1		· 4 ·	7: <u>42981</u>	CHANGED BY: 42981	CHA	
ET ELKO HE.	0.00	0.00	COM	15 34N 55E 0.000 COM	55E	34N	15	W SE	JG N	ABR 1	IMG 07/11/1978 ABR UG NW SE	IMG 0		2	35612	049
SHARP AFA EL CONCREJ COMPAN	16.88;	0.00	11 COM	0.111	55E	34N	3 15	W SH	UG S	CER	9717 IMG 03/14/1977 CER UG SW SE 15 34N 55E 0.1	IMG 0	9717		31181	049
			,													
AFA EL ELKO-CII	0.00;	0.00	MUN	NE 15 34N 55E 0.000 MUN	55E	34N	E 15	SE N		ABR UG CER UG	6106 <u>IMG</u> 07/08/1960 ABR UG 49617 CER UG	Z Z	6106 7: 4961	18987 6106 CHANGED BY: 49617	CHAN	ا ا
ANNUAL OWNER C	ANNUAL	IRRIGATED ANNUAL ACRES DUTY	STAT SRC QQ QTR SEC TWN RNG (CFS) USE SUP ACRES	RATE (CFS)	V RNG	TWI	R SE	20 01	RC (STAT S	FILING DATE	r IMG	CER	BASIN APP OF APP CERT IMG	IN API	BAS
			TVDE	סוכ	KOID	NACE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR		LNIO								
					2											

DWR - Hydrographic Abstract Results	0.00 2172.00; AFA EL CO.	IMG 02/21/1984 WDR UG SW SW 15 34N	47701	049
09/13/1979 CAN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E DEN UG DEN UG SW NE 15 34N 55E 109/13/1979 CAN UG NE NW 15 34N 55E 12/19/1980 ABR UG SW SW 15 34N 55E 12/19/1980 ABR UG NW SE 15 34N 55E 16/17/1981 DEN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E 16/17/1982 CAN GEO SW SW 15 34N 55E 16/30/1982 PER GEO SW SW 15 34N 55E 16/30/1983 PER GEO NE NE 15 34N 55E	1	DEN UG SW SW 15	47245 39050	049
09/13/1979 CAN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E DEN UG DEN UG 09/13/1979 CAN UG SW NE 15 34N 55E 1 09/13/1979 CAN UG NE NW 15 34N 55E 1 12/19/1980 ABR UG SW SW 15 34N 55E 12/19/1981 DEN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E 06/17/1981 DEN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E 04/16/1982 PER GEO SW SW 15 34N 55E 04/23/1982 RFA GEO SW SE 15 34N 55E	1	PER GEO NE NE 15	47043	049
09/13/1979 CAN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E DEN UG 09/13/1979 CAN UG SW NE 15 34N 55E 1 09/13/1979 CAN UG NE NW 15 34N 55E 1 12/19/1980 ABR UG SW SW 15 34N 55E 1 12/19/1981 DEN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E 06/17/1981 DEN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E 01/18/1982 CAN GEO SW SW 15 34N 55E		RFA GEO SW SE 15	45576	049
09/13/1979 CAN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E DEN UG 09/13/1979 CAN UG SW NE 15 34N 55E 1 09/13/1979 CAN UG NE NW 15 34N 55E 1 12/19/1980 ABR UG SW SW 15 34N 55E 1 12/19/1981 DEN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E 06/17/1981 DEN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E	Į.	PER GEO SW SW 15	45548 42981	049
09/13/1979 CAN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E DEN UG 09/13/1979 CAN UG SW NE 15 34N 55E 1 09/13/1979 CAN UG NE NW 15 34N 55E 1 12/19/1980 ABR UG SW SW 15 34N 55E 1 12/19/1981 DEN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E		SW 15	45234 35612	049
09/13/1979 CAN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E DEN UG 09/13/1979 CAN UG SW NE 15 34N 55E 1 09/13/1979 CAN UG NE NW 15 34N 55E 1 12/19/1980 ABR UG SW SW 15 34N 55E PER UG		UG NW SE 15	43911	049
09/13/1979 CAN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E DEN UG 09/13/1979 CAN UG SW NE 15 34N 55E 1		UG SW SW 15	BY: 45548	
09/13/1979 CAN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E DEN UG 09/13/1979 CAN UG SW NE 15 34N 55E		UG NE NW 15	39053	049
09/13/1979 CAN UG NW SE 15 34N 55E		UG SW NE 15	39051	049
		UG NW SE 15	CHANGED BY: 47245	049

h	NON X	OG SE NE 13 34N 33E 1.894 MUN Y 0.00 597.	MUN Y 0.00 597.18; AFA EL ELKO-CIT
	A TOTAL CO		

·			* * *
. Company of the comp	There are No Feconded rights on the NW NE 1/4 1/4 There is one permit in the NENE one clince letion in the SWA and 2 water rights in the SE's		
	the K		21
	the selection of the se	4	L. K. J. S.
- of	Water The Party +		
	Nw N Nw N 15:on on on	i	
Mi and a series	The state of the s	1	
King I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		~	
J-+/			
, K			